HOME FREEZE DRYER
OWNER’S MANUAL

The Essential Guide for Every Home Freeze Dryer Owner
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For a video tutorial, go to: https://youtu.be/s0AfFFqMG08

1. Once your freeze dryer is unpacked, make certain that the bottom front feet are adjusted such that the unit slopes from front to back (the front of the freeze dryer should be ¼ inch to ½ inch higher than the back).

2. Make sure the rubber gasket is clean both inside and out. Remove gasket and run under water in order to remove lint/dirt.

3. Make sure the inside surface of the acrylic door is clean.

4. Follow the instructions for the vacuum pump, add the right amount of oil (cover the small circle in the center of the sight glass window. See page 7, Figure 5).

5. Make sure the brass cap located near the port where your vacuum hose connects is hand tight. See Figure 1, A.

6. Connect the large clear hose to the vacuum pump and tighten hand tight, then, if necessary, with a crescent wrench, tighten an additional ¼ turn. See Figure 1, B. **Do not add any additional Teflon tape, or any type of adhesive, when installing the vacuum hose. It almost always creates a vacuum leak!**

7. Plug the vacuum pump power cord into the receptacle on the back of the freeze dryer.

8. Make sure the power switch on the vacuum pump is on (located on the back of the vacuum pump).

9. Place the black insulator door pad through the rubber gasket to plug the gap between the shelving unit and the back edge of the gasket. Make sure your shelving unit is pulled forward close to the rubber door gasket so the pad will snugly fit between the door and the shelf.

10. Secure the door latch to create a good seal. There shouldn’t be any gaps between the black circular gasket and the door. If the door is not latched tight, there will be a vacuum leak which could damage your vacuum pump, cause an oil spurt, and...
void the vacuum pump warranty. The door latch is a two-staged handle. Make sure you turn the handle as far to the right as possible.

11. Make sure to close the drain valve on the freeze dryer (located on the left side of your freeze dryer). If the drain valve is not closed, there will be a vacuum leak which could damage your vacuum pump, cause an oil spurt, and void the vacuum pump warranty.

12. As described in steps 6-11, it is your responsibility to make sure your door is closed properly, that the drain valve is closed, and that the hose connecting the vacuum pump to the freeze dryer is connected properly. If your freeze dryer doesn’t pull a vacuum, an oil spurt will make a mess as it may spray a cup (or more) of oil out of the pump. Again, it is your responsibility to make sure that you have a good vacuum seal.

13. Turn on the freeze dryer (on the back of your freeze dryer press the switch to the “up” position). Next, in order to perform a quick test and assure that your freeze dryer is set up properly, please complete the following steps. To accomplish this task, your freeze dryer chamber must be free of any moist material, water, or condensation. It needs to be completely dry.

• Press “Start” on the touchscreen. You will then be reminded to “Please close drain valve.” Ensure that this valve is closed.

• Initially, you will see “Freezing for 9 hours” appear on the display. Now, press the small blue clock in the top right corner of the display. This will automatically turn your vacuum pump on (the initial vacuum will be a bit loud, but will quickly settle to a hum that isn’t too noticeable.)

• When the vacuum pump first turns on, the display will read “>2500 mTorr”. Within 10-20 minutes the display will no longer read “>2500 mTorr”, but will begin to show a lower number (starting with 2500 and moving down). This number represents the vacuum pressure inside the freeze dryer. A lower number represents a stronger vacuum pressure.

• Eventually, the pressure will go from 2500 down to 500 mTorr, and possibly lower. If you see that this is the case, it means that your freeze dryer has been set up properly and you are ready to start your first batch. If you are unable to achieve a vacuum of 500 mTorr,
or lower, after 30 minutes (or if the screen still says “>2500 mTorr”) check steps 2-11 of this Quick Start Guide to assure that there are no air leaks at any location on your freeze dryer.

• Once you are able to see a pressure of 500 or lower, you are ready to start your first batch. Turn off your freeze dryer and open the drain valve. This will release the pressure and allow the door to be opened so that you can begin freeze drying your desired product. Now that the pressure has been released, close the drain valve again (or you will not be able to achieve a vacuum when the freeze dryer is running.)

• If you are still unable to complete this test, call Customer Support at 1-800-865-5584 for assistance in setting up your freeze dryer.

14. Prepare the material that you want to freeze dry and place it on the trays, one layer thick, so that it can be uniformly warmed by the shelving unit. Food that is pre-frozen should go into a cold chamber; To accomplish this, run the freeze cycle for 30 minutes before taking your food out of the freezer and putting it in the freeze dryer.

15. Turn the freeze dryer on. The screen will now prompt you to press ‘Proceed’ or ‘Cancel’ within a limited amount of time. Press ‘Cancel’. This will return you to the home screen.

16. Place the trays in the shelving unit inside the freeze dryer; insert the black pad; close the door and press “Start.”

17. The material will be frozen in the freeze dryer for 9 hours. The vacuum pump should then come on. If it doesn’t, make sure it is plugged into the back of the freeze dryer. Make sure the power switch located on the back of the vacuum pump is turned on.

18. When the vacuum pump comes on it should reduce the pressure in the food chamber within about 10 minutes. If you can still open the door after 30 seconds, turn off the vacuum pump, release the pressure in the food chamber by opening the drain valve, open the door, and check the cleanliness of the rubber gasket. Close the door and turn the vacuum pump on. Wait for 1 minute and verify that the door cannot be opened. If your door is out of adjustment the gasket may not be able to make contact with the door. Readjusting the door may be necessary.

19. Once the food is frozen, and when adequate vacuum pressure is reached (500 mTorr), the heaters on the shelves turn on and stay on for a few minutes, then they will turn off when the pressure rises to 600 mTorr. Gradually the pressure will again go down to 500 mTorr; the heaters will turn on and the pressure will rise to 600 mTorr when the heaters will again shut off. This cycle repeats until the food is dry.
20. Toward the end of the freeze dry cycle, the heaters will stay on for six hours and then the process is complete. The freeze dryer will beep when it is finished. See Figure 3.

For additional questions and setup instructions, refer to the detailed Harvest Right Owner's Manual and User Guide, beginning on page 8.

CHECKLIST: BEFORE EACH BATCH
• Drain valve closed
• Door clean
• Black rubber gasket (door seal) clean. See Figure 4.
• Water drained from vacuum pump oil (see page 27, How do I extend the life of my vacuum pump oil?)
• Black insulator door pad in place
• Door closed, compressed tight, and handle turned completely to the right.
• Assure that oil level is above the small circle in sight glass. See Figure 5.

VACUUM PUMP MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAINTENANCE</th>
<th>FREQUENCY</th>
<th>INSTRUCTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drain off 1-2 tbsp of oil</td>
<td>Beginning of every batch</td>
<td>See pg 27, “How do I extend the life of my vacuum pump oil?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change oil</td>
<td>Approx. 5-6 batches*</td>
<td>See pg 23, “Vacuum Pump Maintenance, Oil Change”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power flush</td>
<td>Approx. 10-12 batches*</td>
<td>See pg 24, “Vacuum Pump Maintenance, Power Flush”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove pump cover assembly</td>
<td>Approx. 30-36 batches*</td>
<td><a href="https://youtu.be/ILVBXqg9oc8">https://youtu.be/ILVBXqg9oc8</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The number of batches is contingent on the food you freeze dry, the thickness, length of batches, etc.
IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS

IMPORTANT INFORMATION
Read all instructions carefully before using your Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer. Following these instructions will help prevent injuries, damage to the freeze dryer, and will ensure that you have the best possible experience with your freeze dryer. Save these instructions.

1.1 SAFETY INFORMATION
When using this appliance always exercise basic safety precautions, including the following:

• Use this product only for its intended purpose as instructed in this Owner’s Manual.
• ⚠️ WARNING Do not use an extension cord when plugging your freeze dryer into your power source. Many extension cords cannot handle a sufficient draw of power and may melt or deform causing a fire or other damage.
• Do not use surge protectors or plug your freeze dryer into a GFI outlet. These sources are very sensitive and may cause your freeze dryer to unnecessarily trip the power breaker.
• Do not allow children to climb, stand on the freeze dryer, or hang on the door or shelves. They could damage the freeze dryer and injure themselves.
• After your freeze dryer is in operation, do not touch the cold surfaces during the freezing cycle, particularly when hands are damp or wet. Skin may adhere to these extremely cold surfaces.
• Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
• Keep fingers out of “pinch point areas”. Clearances between the doors and closing mechanism are necessarily small. Be careful closing doors when children are in the area.
• Unplug your freeze dryer before cleaning or making repairs. We strongly advise that all service be done by a qualified individual.
• Refrigerants: All refrigeration products contain refrigerants, which under federal law must be removed prior to product disposal. If you choose to dispose of an old refrigeration product, check with the company handling the disposal about what to do.
• This appliance is not intended for use by small children or infirm persons without capable, adult supervision. Small children should be supervised when using the appliance.
• Do not use a wet or damp cloth when cleaning the plug at the end...
of the power cord. Remove any dust or foreign matter from the power plug pins. A dirty power plug can increase the risk of fire.

- Do not block vent air holes. If the air holes are blocked, the freeze dryer could overheat.
- Never unplug your freeze dryer by pulling on the power cord. Always grip the power plug firmly and pull straight out from the outlet. Pulling on the power cord could cause a fire and/or electric shock. A damaged power cord must be replaced by the manufacturer, a certified service agent or qualified certified service personnel.
- Use caution when putting your hands under the appliance. Any sharp edges may cause personal injury.
- Do not insert the power plug with wet hands. It may cause electric shock.
- In general, power consumption will average 8-10 amps of power and spike near 16 amps. Usage of a dedicated 20 amp circuit will help prevent power outages and allow for proper freeze drying.

1.2 NEVER OPERATE THE FREEZE DRYER IF IT APPEARS DAMAGED
If it is dropped or damaged in any way, call Harvest Right Customer Support at 1-800-865-5584 immediately for examination, repair, electrical or mechanical adjustment, or possible replacement of parts.

1.3 BE CAREFUL ABOUT WHAT YOU PUT IN YOUR FREEZE DRYER
This product is designed to freeze dry materials or products that contain water. Freeze drying other materials voids the warranty and may damage the freeze dryer.

1.4 VACUUM PUMP RUNS HOT
Use caution when running your freeze dryer as the vacuum pump that sits external to the unit will run hot. Keep your vacuum pump out of reach of children as it may cause injury if handled improperly. Your high quality vacuum pump is built to run hot. Use care and caution in order to prevent injury. Average operating temperature is 160 degrees Fahrenheit.

1.5 RECOMMENDED OPERATING TEMPERATURES
Your Harvest Right Freeze Dryer is designed to work in a wide variety of temperatures, but extreme heat and cold will affect performance. The recommended temperature range for operation is 35-90 degrees Fahrenheit. The most efficient temperature range is between 45-80 degrees Fahrenheit.

Although safe, operating your freeze dryer in temperatures above 90 degrees Fahrenheit could affect batch times and have an adverse effect on the condensing unit (freezer). As the temperature rises where your freeze dryer operates, so does the length of time it takes to finish batches of food. This happens because with hotter
operating temperatures it is harder to reach the extreme cold required for freeze drying.

For example: a batch that normally takes 24 hours to finish in a 75°F environment could take over 40 hours to complete in hot temperatures.

2.1 UNPACKING YOUR FREEZE DRYER
You should have received the following items: see image on page 11.
• Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer
• Vacuum pump with oil demister
• Power cord
• Vacuum hose
• Vacuum pump oil
• Shelving unit
• 4 food trays
• Owner’s Manual
• Black insulator door pad
• Other materials, not listed here, may have been included.

1. Remove Harvest Right Freeze Dryer, vacuum pump, vacuum hose and power cord.

2. Inspect all items to ensure no damage occurred during shipping.

3. If any damage has occurred, call Harvest Right Customer Support immediately at 1-800-865-5584.

4. Remove the vacuum pump from its packaging and place it beside or behind the freeze dryer.

5. Unwind power cord.

2.2 RETURNS
Units may be returned if they have not been used. The customer will be charged a 15% restocking fee and incur all shipping charges. Harvest Right will issue a refund upon examination of the unused freeze dryer. If Harvest Right determines that the returned unit has been used, the freeze dryer will be sent back to the customer, in which case the customer will incur the cost of freight for the returned unit.

CAUTION: Do not lift freeze dryer from bottom of door. Doing this may cause misalignment and inability to achieve proper vacuum. Always lift your freeze dryer appliance from the base. Lifting the freeze dryer by the door voids the warranty.
WHAT IS IN THE BOX
You should have received the following items:

A Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer with shelving unit
B Vacuum pump with oil demister and vacuum pump oil
C Power cord
D Vacuum hose
E 4 food trays
F Owner’s Manual
G Black insulator door pad

Other materials, not listed here, may have been included.
Before you begin...

3.1 Major Components

**Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer**

- **Power Switch**: Located on the back of the freeze dryer. Depressing the toggle switch to the up position turns the power on.
- **Vacuum Chamber**: This circular chamber includes a shelving unit for the food trays.
- **Trays**: You should have received four of these to hold the food items to be freeze dried.
- **Power Unit and display**: The freeze dryer is powered by plugging the power cord into the back of the freeze dryer (one receptacle is for the power cord and the other is for powering the vacuum pump) and a functioning 110-120 volt power outlet in the wall of your house or garage.
- **Vacuum Pump**: Follow the instructions from the manufacturer of the vacuum pump to get the vacuum pump ready for operation. Connect the vacuum hose to the connection on the side of the freeze dryer and to the appropriate fitting on the vacuum pump. The vacuum hose should be hand-tightened, and then tightened additionally (1/4 turn), if needed, using a crescent wrench, open-end wrench, or pipe wrench. Be sure to tighten both ends of the vacuum hose to properly connect the freeze dryer to the vacuum pump. Plug the vacuum pump power cord into the receptacle on the back panel of the freeze dryer. Make sure to add the right amount of oil to the vacuum pump as specified in the manufacturer’s instructions (see image on page 7, figure 5). Make sure the vacuum pump “on/off” switch is set to the “on” position. It will not receive power until the freeze dryer completes the circuit at the appropriate time in the freeze drying process.
- **Oil Demister**: This attaches to the rear of the handle on the vacuum pump and the holes in the white cap point upward.
- **Drain Line**: This is a clear tube beneath the left rear of the freeze dryer. You will need to pull this tube out from beneath the freeze dryer. It should easily fit in the notch provided. This tube should be un-coiled and the open end placed in a 5-gallon bucket, drain or similar container, to collect the water that is removed from the food during freeze drying and collects as ice on the sides of the vacuum chamber. Generally two people can easily tilt the freeze dryer and reach beneath it to pull out the drain hose.
- **Before you start a freeze drying**
cycle make sure the valve on the drain tube is closed (the small handle on the valve is perpendicular to the direction of the drain tube). If the drain valve is not closed, there will be a vacuum leak which could damage your vacuum pump and void the vacuum pump warranty.

3.2 FREEZE DRYER ASSEMBLY

1. Wait 24 hours before running your freeze dryer in order to facilitate proper settling within the refrigerator condensing unit. Waiting 24 hours will allow the oil in the condensing unit to settle so that the freeze dryer can get cold enough.

2. The ideal location for operating your freeze dryer is a cool, dry, clean location. Operating your freeze dryer in temperatures higher than 80 degrees Fahrenheit may cause cycle times to take longer.

3. Place the freeze dryer on a level, stable surface and adjust the leveling feet so that the front end of the freeze dryer is about ¼ to ½ inch taller than the rear. This allows the water that accumulates in the chamber of the freeze dryer to exit through the drain hole in the rear of the vacuum chamber. Make sure the translucent (clear) drain line is placed in a 5-gallon bucket, a drain, or an equivalent container to catch the water. Make sure the drain valve is tilted slightly down and not flat on the table or cart.

4. Connect the freeze dryer power cord to the receptacle on the rear panel and to a 110 to 120 volt ac power supply (most homes power outlets provide this power).

5. Connect the power cord on the vacuum pump to the receptacle on the rear panel of the freeze dryer.

6. Make sure the power switch on the vacuum pump is in the “on” position. The power button is located above the power cord on the rear of vacuum pump. The control circuit in the freeze dryer will control when to turn “on” and “off” the vacuum pump.

7. Connect the large clear hose to the freeze dryer (see Figure 6) and to the vacuum pump (see image on page 4, figure 1, B) and tighten hand tight, then, if necessary, with a crescent wrench tighten an additional ¼ turn.

8. Make sure all other caps and ports on the vacuum pump are closed tightly (hand tightened only).

9. Install oil de-mister. This attaches to the rear of the handle on the
vacuum pump and the holes in the white cap point upward. Tighten snuggly so that the white cap faces upward. **Suggestion:** Place a small sock or cloth over the white cap. This will help control possible oil misting and oil spurts.

10. Pull off the rubber gasket that comes into contact with the acrylic door and clean with water inside and out. Assure that there are no particulates inside the gasket. If the gasket is not clean inside and out, the freeze dryer may have a hard time pulling a low vacuum. They are generally clean. Just look to make sure. Do not stretch the gasket apart too far while trying to clean the inside. Stretching too far could damage the gasket creating a crack that prevents achieving a proper seal.

11. Ensure that the acrylic door has a tight fit against the rubber gasket by examining the door in the fully closed position. Check to make sure there are no small gaps or spaces between the acrylic door and the rubber seal. You will see a thin line around the entire gasket as it presses up against the door. If there is a gap at any portion of the seal between the door and rubber gasket, call Harvest Right Customer Support at 1-800-865-5584 for assistance.

12. You are now ready to load freeze drying material onto trays. It is best to freeze dry materials that are somewhat similar in moisture content.

13. Place the trays that have the material on them in the shelving unit. Make sure the trays are fully supported by the heated shelf with no part of the tray extending out of the shelving unit. The trays are heated by the shelving unit and must fit well in order to receive the appropriate heat to drive off the moisture.

14. Place the black insulator door pad in the opening of the vacuum chamber (within the opening of the black rubber gasket). This insulates the acrylic door from the extreme cold in the chamber and prevents the cold from forming ice on the door.

15. Close the acrylic door and turn the door latch clockwise as far as it will go. This will compress the door closed against the rubber gasket. Visually check the seal to make sure the door is sealed properly to the gasket. If the door is not latched tight, there will be a vacuum leak which might damage your vacuum pump and void the vacuum pump warranty.

16. Close the drain valve. In the closed position, the drain valve is perpendicular to the hose.

17. Power on your unit (press the switch on the back of your freeze dryer to the up position). Now, press the “**Start**” button. You will then be reminded to “**Please close drain valve...**” Once you have done this, the word “**Freezing...**” will be displayed on the touch screen.
**FREEZE DRYER CYCLE GRAPH**

When the freezing cycle is completed the vacuum pump will power on automatically. The display will then read “Drying...” Within 10–20 minutes the display will show a vacuum pressure that displays a number below 2500 mTorr. (If your freeze dryer does not achieve a pressure within the specified time period, the vacuum pump will automatically turn off. This will alert you to a vacuum leak and likely prevent oil from spurting out of the vacuum pump and creating a mess.) Once the freeze dryer recognizes that most of the moisture is removed from the material, the “Final Dry” (see image on page 16, Figure 8) cycle will then remain on for the default time or a customized time if the settings were adjusted at the beginning of the process. When the process is complete an audible signal will be heard and the display will read “Complete”.

The graph shown below provides a representation of how the freeze dryer operates. The numbers to the left represent the mTorr pressure and the number of heating cycles are represented below. The number of cycles will vary depending on the moisture content and cellular structure of the food. Different foods will have more or fewer cycles than indicated. Also, cycle times will vary depending on the type of food that is being...
dried, age of vacuum pump oil, and cleanliness of vacuum pump. In order to achieve optimal freeze drying, be sure that your vacuum pump is working properly. *mTorr pressures may vary slightly from those in the graphic representation (see graphic on page 15).

19. When the process is complete the freeze dryer will instruct you to “Open drain valve to vent” (Before doing so, pull the drain hose out of the bucket and/or check to ensure bucket is completely empty of any water. Opening the drain valve vents the vacuum pressure. A hissing sound of air filling the vacuum chamber will be heard and then the door may be opened, the black insulator door pad removed, and the trays of food removed.) and “If product is dry, remove, and select Defrost”. Check the material thoroughly to make sure it is dry. If you find that there is still moisture in the material you are freeze drying, simply press “More Dry Time” and allow the freeze dryer to finish drying. Otherwise, you can remove the trays, ensure drain hose is properly placed for draining, and press “Defrost”.

20. Immediately package your freeze dried material properly so that it doesn’t rehydrate with the natural humidity in the air. When packaging food, you can use cans, Mylar bags, and bottles. Always use an appropriate oxygen absorber.

21. Make sure all of the ice and water are removed from the vacuum chamber before starting a new batch.

3.3 USING THE “CUSTOMIZE” SETTINGS. Turn the power on (press the switch on the back of your freeze dryer to the up position). Next, press “Customize” on the touch screen. This screen allows adjustment of the temperature for the warming elements inside your freeze dryer. The default setting is 125 degrees
Fahrenheit, but may be adjusted if desired (not necessary). On this screen you will notice a button that allows you to “Adjust Cycle Times”.

This screen allows you to adjust the “Freeze Time” and “Final Dry” time. The default setting for your freeze dryer is 9 hours freeze and 7 hours dry. In order to adjust these times, press the arrows up or down to increase or decrease the time (factory settings of 9 and 7 hours is sufficient for most foods). You will see the displayed time change instantly in 15-minute increments. Press “Done” in order to return to the home screen. Now, press the “Start” button. You will then be reminded to “Please close drain valve”. The word “Freezing...” will be displayed on the touch screen.

3.4 WHY FREEZE DRY?
The Best Preservation Method:
Freeze-dried foods are more stable than dehydrated foods because of the very low temperature environment of the drying process (freeze drying). Freeze-dried foods do not need the sugars or salts used in the bottling and canning processes. They have an extremely long shelf life, up to 25 years, when packaged properly. It is ideal to promptly seal freeze-dried food in sturdy containers such as cans, canning jars, or Mylar pouches. It is important to include an appropriate oxygen absorber.

Freeze-dried foods retain up to 98% of their nutrients because the water in the food is sublimated out (ice to water vapor) at temperatures below the freezing point of water. Your freeze dryer removes the water, not the nutritional value. It also maintains the shape and appearance of the food. Other preservation methods destroy essential vitamins and minerals found in natural foods and dramatically change the appearance of the food.

EASY TO DO
Just press start! Our one button process makes freeze-drying easy. The display on the front of the machine shows what process the food is experiencing: freezing, drying and heating (very low temperature heating, just enough to remove the water vapor under vacuum pressure). At the end, the process will provide an audible signal that the freeze drying is complete and you can then remove your food.

FOOD TASTES GREAT
Children and adults love freeze-dried foods. Freeze drying preserves the freshness, color, and taste. Other methods for preserving food distort
color and flavor of foods, but freeze drying does just the opposite. Make healthy snacks and meals the whole family will love.

**CUT DOWN ON WASTE**

The average family throws away approximately $2,000 of food each year. Your Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer enables you to preserve your food for later use. Food that was once thrown away can be easily prepared, freeze dried and packaged for later use. You don’t have to eat leftovers until gone or they spoil in the refrigerator. Just freeze dry them and eat them when you would like. The following are quotes of what research has determined with regards to food waste in The United States:

“Approximately 40 percent of food in the U.S. is wasted, as about $165 billion in uneaten food is thrown out every year...That’s a 50 percent jump since the 1970’s.” (National Defense Council)

“Not only is it a waste of energy and water and land, but it’s a tragedy in its own right, given that some 870 million people suffer from chronic malnourishment. (Brad Plumer, Washington Post)

“But it’s not just simply the food that’s going to waste: think about all the wasted energy, water, chemicals and labor that went into producing, transporting and storing what is ultimately just left to rot.” (Andrew Gunther, Huffington Post)

Use your Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer to save money, cut down on waste, and respect the environment.

**3.5 HOW TO FREEZE DRY**

While freeze drying itself involves numerous complicated processes, the Harvest Right Home Freeze Dryer is a one button solution. Simply load your food into the freeze dryer and press start. Your machine will automatically take care of all the freeze dry processes and alert you when your food is ready.

**3.6 WHAT CAN BE FREEZE DRIED?**

You truly can freeze dry almost anything. All kinds of fruits, vegetables, and meats taste wonderful when freeze dried. These include: tomatoes, apples, bananas, pineapple, grapes, strawberries, peaches, green beans, peppers, onions, potatoes, spinach, shrimp, pork, beef, lobster, and nearly any other prepared dish.

Your favorite meals that include meat may be easily freeze dried. Foods like stroganoff, rice dishes, chili, beef stew, chicken a la king, casseroles, shrimp, lobster, pulled pork, bacon, pasta sauces or scrambled eggs are perfect for this process.

Some foods, however, are more challenging to freeze dry than others due to complex cellular structure, sugars in the foods, and other factors. The best way to find out is by following your freeze dryer Starter Guide or your own thoughtful
experimentation. You will find that it is a delight to experiment with different foods and meals in your freeze dryer. A great way to start is by picking fruits, vegetables and meals that are already favorites in your home and freeze drying those.

SETUP OVERVIEW

1. Place the freeze dryer on a flat, clean, dry surface. Adjust the feet, if necessary, so that all four are firmly on the table, cabinet, cart or floor. The front two feet should be adjusted ½” to ¼” taller than the two rear feet.

2. Make sure a plug outlet is available within three-five feet of the freeze dryer base.

3. Ensure that freeze dryer side vents are unobstructed to allow proper air flow during use.

4. Connect vacuum pump plug into the freeze dryer receptacle.

5. Connect vacuum pump hose to both the vacuum pump and to the freeze dryer.

6. Follow Section 6 of this manual to ensure that you have a closed system.
When water is added to the food, it is restored to its original fresh flavor, aroma, texture, and appearance!

5.3 PACKAGING AND STORING FREEZE-DRIED FOODS
In order to preserve food for 15+ years it is important to package freeze-dried foods in a moisture and oxygen free environment. We recommend that you immediately place your food in a Mylar pouch and include an oxygen absorber. Seal the bag and it will be protected against the two things that spoil food the fastest: oxygen and water. Another very effective way to package your freeze-dried meals is sealing the product in #10 cans or mason jars. Include an oxygen absorber to ensure fresh taste, color, and texture for many years.

5.4 PRETREATING FOOD
While your freeze dryer will freeze the food to temperatures below -30 degrees Fahrenheit, you may want, or need, to prepare larger quantities of food than your freeze dryer can process in one cycle. Freeze drying food that is already prepared and pre-frozen in your freezer will allow you to reduce the freeze time and allow you to do the freeze drying later. Freezers are typically set to about -2 to -10 degrees Fahrenheit. This pre-freezing would allow you to
reduce the freeze time in the freeze dryer by approximately 1 hour – 1.5 hours. Food that is pre-frozen should go into a cold chamber; Run the freeze cycle for 30 minutes before taking food out of the freezer and putting it in the freeze dryer.

5.5 OPENING THE FREEZE DRYER DURING OPERATION

There are three main processes that occur during freeze drying:

1. The food is frozen to very low temperatures.

2. Under vacuum pressure the oxygen in the chamber is removed (no oxidation of the food occurs) and the ice sublimates at low temperatures (about 7 degrees Fahrenheit).

3. A small amount of heat in the vacuum chamber begins the sublimation process and removes the moisture from the food. The moisture condenses on the inside, cooled walls of the vacuum chamber.

It is okay to open the freeze dryer chamber while it is in the freezing stage of the freeze dry process, but it is discouraged as extremely low temperatures may damage your skin and it renders useless the freezing part of the cycle (the food may not achieve a very low temperature if the door is left open).

Opening the chamber during the vacuum process (processes 2 and 3 listed above) is impossible because the vacuum tightly seals the door to the freeze dry machine. In order to open the door, turn off the vacuum pump and open the drain valve to vent the vacuum chamber. Opening the chamber door during these stages interrupts the freeze dry process because sublimation cannot take place unless the chamber is vacuum-sealed. The result may be a less than ideal freeze-dried product.

5.6 HOW DO I KNOW IF MY FOOD IS DRY?

Your freeze dryer will sense the moisture in the food and finish when it has sensed that all of the moisture is removed. While your freeze dryer is very accurate, it is a good practice to find one or two of the thickest pieces of food and either break them in half or taste them. If there is any moisture left in the food, it will be in the center. You will immediately feel or taste moisture which usually manifests itself as cold and wet. If this happens, simply click the option to “Add More Dry Time” and your freeze dryer will add a couple of hours to finish the product.
A CLOSED SYSTEM

6.1 WHAT IS A CLOSED SYSTEM?
As previously described, in order to freeze dry food, your machine will use a vacuum pump that removes the air and creates a vacuum environment. In order to achieve adequate vacuum pressure, it is VERY IMPORTANT to ensure that all valves are closed tightly. If there is a leak somewhere in the system, the freeze drying process will not occur.

⚠ WARNING: You may think there is not an air leak in your machine because the door will not open (a sign that you are pulling a vacuum). However, it is possible to achieve a less than suitable vacuum pressure for freeze drying yet have enough vacuum to be unable to open the door. Initially, >2500 is displayed. Within 10-20 minutes you should see the number 2500 begin to decrease. Drying occurs when the vacuum pressure descends to 500 mTorr (also displayed). If after 30 minutes the 500 mTorr has not been reached, then finding leaks is a logical next step. Check to make sure the drain valve is closed. Check to make sure the door gasket is sealing properly (clean the gasket in warm water and reinstall—do not wipe dry because lint may prevent a good seal).

While every precaution has been made to ensure that there are no leak points in your vacuum system, a situation could arise where there is a leak point. It is valuable to check the following possible leak spots in order to achieve optimal freeze drying.

6.2 POSSIBLE LEAK POINTS ON THE VACUUM PUMP
- Vacuum pump hose connections
- Vacuum pump port knobs are not tight
- Vacuum pump oil is contaminated
- Vacuum pump oil level is too low
- Gaskets in vacuum hose are cut or damaged (this may occur if the vacuum hose is fastened too tight)

For images of the previous possible leak spots and greater detail about your vacuum pump, review the instruction manual that came with your vacuum pump.

6.3 POSSIBLE LEAK POINTS ON THE FREEZE DRYER
- Drain valve is open
- Vacuum pump hose not connected tightly
- Door not properly shut
- Door gasket not clean inside and out
- Door needs adjustment
CARE AND CLEANING

7.1 VACUUM PUMP MAINTENANCE

Oil based vacuum pumps are ideal for freeze drying due to their increased performance with sublimation. We recommend you change your oil frequently in order to ensure high performance (every 5-7 batches depending on usage). See Section 9 for tips on how to extend the life of your vacuum pump oil.

Harvest Right has chosen a vacuum pump that lives up to its build quality and lifespan: See page 7, Vacuum Pump Maintenance Schedule, for recommended oil change and power flush schedule.

Oil Change
To complete an oil change, you may want to place cardboard (or something similar) to avoid any spray or spills, and avoid a potential mess on the floor.

1. Turn off vacuum pump and disconnect it from the freeze dryer.

2. Find a container (or containers) that can hold a quart of oil.

3. Locate the drain valve for the oil reservoir located at the bottom of the reservoir. (See figure 9)

4. Place your container beneath the drain valve to collect the oil.

5. Use your hand to open up the valve as far as it will go (you can't completely remove it without using tools, so turn with hand until it stops turning).

6. Drain the oil from the vacuum pump reservoir into your container(s). Once drained, close the drain valve.

7. Tip the pump on its face, with the sight glass window on a table or cart, and drain the remaining oil from the drain valve. Once all the oil is drained, close the drain valve and place the pump back on its feet.

8. Using new oil, refill the oil reservoir to the appropriate level (covering the small circle inside the middle of the sight glass window, see image on page 7, Figure 5). You may need to top off the oil slightly once the pump and oil warm up.

9. Plug the vacuum pump back into the freeze dryer.
Power Flush
This should be done approximately every 10-12 batches, depending on what type of food, and the moisture content of each food, you have freeze dried. To complete this flush, you may want to place cardboard (or something similar) to absorb any spray or spills, and avoid a potential mess on the floor.

1. Turn the vacuum pump switch **OFF**.

2. Plug the vacuum pump into a wall outlet (**not** the freeze dryer).

3. Find 2 containers that can hold a quart of oil.

4. Remove vacuum hose from the vacuum pump.

5. With the pump **OFF**:
   A. Drain all the oil from the vacuum pump reservoir via the drain valve.
   B. Once drained, close the drain valve.

6. Turn the pump **ON**.
   A. Once the oil is drained, pour most of that used oil back into the pump via the vacuum hose fitting intake port (see figure 10). You can use the funnel tip that comes with your oil jug. Make sure to pour the oil into the intake port fitting slowly. Avoid pouring oil back in which has particles or is really dirty (black or gray in color).
   B. With the pump **ON**, place your hand over the PVC (white) cap of the exhaust with the drain valve open and the pump on, smothering the exhaust, this will cause a violent blowout from the oil drain valve; keep the oil collection container very close to the drain to avoid messes.
   C. Once the sound changes, and the smoky haze clears, turn the pump **OFF**.
   D. Close the drain valve.

You DO NOT necessarily need new oil to perform this step since we are just flushing it through the pump. Perform this step slowly, it will cause a strong exhaust and maybe even cause oil to shoot out of the exhaust (you may cover the exhaust with a towel to prevent oil spraying everywhere). This is normal. Make sure to pour the oil into the intake port fitting slowly. Let the pump run for approximately 30 seconds.
7. Repeat the process 3-4 times until you feel the pump has been cleaned enough. The oil that comes out should be *extremely* dirty.

8. After your final flushing of the vacuum pump, with the pump **OFF**, tip the pump on its face with the sight glass window on a table or cart, and drain the remaining oil from the drain valve. Once drained, close the drain valve and return pump to its feet.

9. Refill the oil reservoir to the appropriate level (covering the small circle inside the middle of the sight glass window, see image on page 7, **Figure 5**). You may need to **top off the oil slightly once the pump and oil warm up**.

10. Plug the vacuum pump back into the freeze dryer.

### 7.2 CLEANING THE INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR OF YOUR FREEZE DRYER

**Interior:** Clean the vacuum chamber and shelves with a mild detergent and then wipe dry with a soft cloth. You can remove shelves for a more thorough cleaning. In order to remove the shelves, you will need to take off the black rubber gasket that the door seals against. Pull the red locking mechanism towards the back of the plug. Once the red tab is unlocked, press the black tab down and pull the two pieces apart. When finished, ensure that the shelves are dry before returning them to the freeze dryer. Next, reconnect the power line to the shelving unit.

**Exterior:** The door, handle, and cabinet surfaces should be cleaned with warm water and a mild detergent and then wiped dry with a soft cloth. To keep your appliance looking its best, the exterior should be polished once or twice a year.

Cleaning the silicone door seal (gasket): If the silicone door seal is dirty, the door may not close properly, preventing the freeze dryer from operating. Keep the door seal free of grit or grime by running it under water. If necessary, clean the door with a mild detergent.

### 7.3 CLEANING CAUTIONS

Do not use stiff bristled brushes or abrasive cloths/pads to clean the freeze dryer, interior or exterior, as this will dull or scratch the surface.

Do not use Benzene, Thinner, or Clorox for cleaning. They may damage the surface of the appliance and may even cause fires.

### 7.4 MOVING OR LONG ABSENCES

If you have a long vacation planned, empty the freeze dryer and keep it turned off. Wipe excess moisture from the inside and leave the chamber door open to keep odor and mold from developing. Clean the pump and fill with fresh oil.
YOUR FIRST BATCH

8.1 FINAL CHECK
When running your freeze dryer for the first time (and every time) it is important to do a final check in order to assure that your food will freeze dry properly and optimally.

Check the following:

1. Drain valve is in the off position (perpendicular to the drain hose).

2. Acrylic door is clean (important for achieving a good seal).

3. Rubber gasket that the acrylic door compresses against is clean (important for achieving a good seal).

4. Any potential water is drained out of vacuum pump (additional information included in Frequently Asked Questions, beginning on page 27). Doing this will allow your vacuum pump to run more efficiently and it will also make your vacuum pump oil last longer.

5. Place black insulator door pad inside the chamber to allow for more efficient freezing/drying times.

6. Turn the door handle ½ to ¾ turn in order to compress the door against rubber seal.

7. Assure that exterior hoses and connections are hand tight on both the freeze dryer as well as the vacuum pump.

8.2 START SIMPLE
When using your freeze dryer the first few times, it will be tempting to freeze dry many different foods at the same time. It will also be tempting to make these items extra thick because you want to create amazing freeze-dried food.

While it is okay to freeze dry thick servings of fruits, vegetables, ice cream, soups/stews, yogurt, etc., we recommend that you run the first few batches with simple 1/4” to 1/2” thick slices. Meats, fruits, or vegetables are a good place to start (extra thick slices will take longer because there is more water to remove from the food). As you become more comfortable with your freeze dryer, you can move into more challenging foods like pineapple and watermelon.
9.1 FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Why has the freeze dryer been running for over 46 hours and the process is not complete?

There are a number of factors that can contribute to longer cycle times. Some of which may be a combination of the following:

1. Some foods are more challenging to freeze dry than others. Because of their cellular structure and moisture content, oranges, pineapple, strawberries, blueberries, and other foods/meals with high amounts of liquid will take longer to freeze dry. The freeze dryer is measuring the moisture content and knows when the process is complete.

2. There is so much water in the food that the condensed ice ring has begun to form on the trays. While rare, if this occurs, the freeze dryer will not be able to recognize that the process is complete because it will sublimate the ice that is coming onto the trays. In a situation like this, it would not be able to verify that all of the moisture is removed because of all the ice. If this happens, simply remove the trays and put them in the freezer, defrost the ice in the freeze dryer, put the food back in the freeze dryer, and allow it to finish the process. Again, this is very rare.

3. Your vacuum pump oil needs to be changed. As the oil in your vacuum pump gets older, the cycle time for the foods will increase. If the oil in your vacuum pump needs to be changed, a batch of food that would normally take 24 hours to complete, could take 46 hours to complete. Consider a vacuum pump power flush (see page 24).

4. The freeze dryer is working properly if during the vacuum pump/drying portion of the freeze dry cycle, the vacuum is reading between 400-800 mTorr. If the reading is consistently above 800 mTorr, it is likely time to change your vacuum pump oil, check for leaks, or clean your vacuum pump.

How do I extend the life of my vacuum pump oil?

As your vacuum pump runs, small amounts of water will trickle into the vacuum pump. In order to drain any water that has accumulated, once you are ready to begin a new batch of food, open the oil drain valve on the vacuum pump. When you do this, you should also drain a small amount (approx. 1 tablespoon) of the used oil, as well. Close the drain valve and add a small amount of new vacuum pump oil into the vacuum pump. This will replace the oil that was drained and will
increase the life span of your vacuum pump oil.

After my freeze dryer completed and I released the drain valve, water came rushing into my vacuum chamber. What happened?

Make sure to empty the sink or bucket that your freeze dryer drains into. If the drain hose is sitting in water (from previous batches of food) and the vacuum is released through the drain valve, water will suck through the drain hose and into the freeze dryer vacuum chamber like a giant straw.

How do I know when to change my vacuum pump oil?

One of the best ways to know when to change your vacuum pump oil is by recognizing that batches of food that normally take 24 hours to complete are taking much longer (up to 46 hours to complete). When this occurs, it is time to change your oil.

Another signal that your oil needs to be changed is by looking in the sight glass window. If the oil looks milky, has visible particulates, or is amber in color, it is time to change the oil. In most cases, your oil should be changed every 5-7 batches.

We had oil spurt out of our vacuum pump handle, what is happening?

1. It is likely that there is a large leak in your system. This can happen if the drain valve is accidentally left open, the door isn’t clean/aligned properly, the door seal isn’t clean, or the vacuum hose is not completely tight on both ends. It can also occur if all of the caps/fittings on the pump aren’t tight. These are the most common reasons for an oil spurt.

2. The oil level gets too high because of water vapor coming through the vacuum hose adding moisture to the oil level (it is important to drain this water out of your vacuum pump so that you can preserve the life of your oil as well as prevent an oil spurt).

3. Sometimes when the vacuum pump shuts off, a portion of the oil will get trapped in the vacuum pump cartridge. When this happens, the oil level will appear low in the sight glass because some of that oil is now in the cartridge. Often this will cause the user to believe that there isn’t enough oil in the pump, so he/she will add oil to cover the small circle in the center of the sight glass window. Adding more oil in this circumstance will overload the pump with oil. When the pump is turned on, the oil that is trapped in the pump cartridge will be restored to the original oil reservoir. If the user has added additional oil, thinking that the level was low, there will now be too much oil in the pump and cause an oil spurt. If you recognize that the oil level has lessened, simply continue to run your freeze dryer as normal.
4. Possible moisture in the drain valve or in the oil. Verify that the food has been adequately frozen and the oil is not milky or opaque in appearance.

**When the process is complete, sometimes the shelves are warm and sometimes they are cold. Why?**
The final step of the freeze dry process is a post-dry. The shelf heaters will turn off for the last hour of the freeze drying process. This is so the trays are not hot when pulled out. When the process finishes, the heaters turn off and the vacuum pump turns off. The condensing unit (freezer) stays on.

If the food is removed immediately after the process is completed, the trays will be hot from the heaters that are on during the post dry. If you take the food out a few minutes after it beeps, the trays will be cold. If you don't get the food out within a few hours, the trays will be very cold. In all cases, the trays should be removed with a glove because they will either be warm or cold.

Although the trays are at -40 F, because there is no water in the food to freeze and make the food cold, the food will be room temperature on -40 F trays.

A good way to test that the food is 100% complete is to break or bite the thickest piece. If it is cold or wet in the middle, there may be a bit of moisture left in the food, and it should be put through the vacuum-dry cycle one more time. While rare, this may occasionally happen. In sum: Sometimes the trays will be warm, sometimes they will be cold. This depends on when the food is taken out. Either way, the food will be dry.

**I packaged my food and it was very dry when it came out, but now it is not dry. Why?**

1. Properly packaging the food is vital. It is important to promptly package your freeze-dried product in Mylar bags with an oxygen absorber (in order to seal thoroughly, we recommend you seal the bags at least twice to be safe), in a #10 can with an oxygen absorber, or a mason jar with an oxygen absorber. To ensure long shelf life, store in a cool, dry location.

2. Occasionally all of the food will be perfectly freeze dried with the exception of a couple of pieces. This can happen if you cut a few pieces of your product much thicker than the rest. If packaged, one wet piece will re-hydrate the whole batch. When a batch is complete, it is a good idea to break the thickest piece of food on your trays in half and taste it in order to be sure that the product has completed the drying process. If you find that the food is not completely dry, simply put the food back in the freeze dryer and press “More dry time” to get right back into the vacuum pump/drying portion of the freeze dry cycle. The freeze dryer will then finish the pieces that weren't quite complete.
WARRANTY

1 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY
Harvest Right warrants its freeze dryer and accessories against defects in materials and workmanship, under normal use, maintenance and service for 1 year. The warranty covers components that, in the sole opinion of Harvest Right, are defective. The following are not included in the freeze dryer warranty coverage:

1. Normal wear and tear, adjustments, and damage from cleaning.
2. Repairs due to unauthorized service or modifications to the freeze dryer, product tampering, or use of non-standard parts or accessories without prior written approval from Harvest Right.

What if my screen won’t respond to my touch? Or, when I press a button on the screen, it recognizes it on a different part of the screen?
Your screen may need to be recalibrated. Reference calibration screen on page 40 for instructions.

9.2 MIST COMING OUT OF PUMP HANDLE:
If mist/smoke is coming out of your pump handle for more than 5 minutes, it is likely that you need to do the following: tighten one of the knobs on the top of your pump, make sure the drain valve is closed, assure that the seal on your door is latched tight, the vacuum hose is tight, and that there is no liquid on the food or chamber. Your freeze dryer WILL NOT pull a vacuum on the chamber if there is a major leak. If this happens, refer to Section 6 of this manual.

9.3 PUMP ISN’T TURNING ON DURING THE DRY CYCLE:
Make sure your pump is plugged into the back of the freeze dryer and is switched to the ON position. While the machine controls the pump turning on and off, it cannot do so unless the pump is switched to the ON position (switch is located on the back of the pump) and plugged into the freeze dryer.
3. Damage caused by: improper setup, installation, and use of the freeze dryer; floods, storms, earthquakes, or other acts of God.

4. Parts or assemblies subjected to misuse, abuse, neglect or accidents, or lack of specified maintenance or operational procedures.

5. Damage or problems caused by relocation of unit, cleaning and/or maintenance procedures inconsistent with the technical instructions provided in the manual.

6. Claims for personal injuries, incidental or consequential damages, or economic loss (profit or revenue), however caused.

**THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR GUARANTEES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.** In no event shall Harvest Right be liable for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages. Upon the expiration of the warranty period, Harvest Right’s liability under this warranty shall terminate. The foregoing warranty shall constitute the sole liability of Harvest Right and the exclusive remedy of the customer or user.

Warranty is provided only in the country of origin in which the freeze dryer was purchased. Use of the freeze dryer outside the country of purchase voids all warranties, expressed or implied.

**REPLACEMENT PARTS PLAN**
For in-warranty freeze dryers, Harvest Right will provide the appropriate parts and send them directly to your location at no cost (for expedited delivery, you just pay the difference in cost between ground and expedited service).

**PLAN DETAILS**
During the warranty period Harvest Right will replace defective freeze dryer components and ship them directly to a customer location, freight prepaid. The replacement parts retain the remaining warranty of the original freeze dryer purchased components. A return label may be included with the shipment so the non-working parts can be returned prepaid. NOTE: You must return all required defective parts to Harvest Right within 30 days to avoid a charge for the components.

For more details, please speak to your local Harvest Right Authorized Dealer or call Harvest Right Customer Support at 1-800-865-5584.
The following page shows a list of popular foods and their approximate freeze, dry, and total batch times. Because portion size, thickness, water content, quantity, and cellular structure of food are all different, this grid is meant to be used only as a reference for approximate batch times. When the food is very dense, or pieces are large, it may require extra freeze time and/or dry time. Once you have completed a few batches on your own, you will get a feel for which foods freeze dry quicker, and which ones require additional time. Again, the times listed are approximate and dependent on factors such as thickness, etc. Also, when the freeze dryer is running in a hot environment, batch times may significantly increase.

One important thing to remember is that the freeze dryer has the capability to determine when food is dry. When in doubt, add some extra time to your batch. You can't over-dry or over-freeze the food.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FOOD</th>
<th>FREEZING TIME</th>
<th>DRYING TIME</th>
<th>TOTAL BATCH TIME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apple Wedges*</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>24-28 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus**</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-24 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avocados</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>25-26 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bananas</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>25-27 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beef</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>22-26 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries (and the like)+</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>48-52 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>24-28 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheese (shredded)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-25 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>24-28 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ice Cream Sandwiches</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>42-49 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grapes</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>46-52 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ground Beef</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>26-30 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ham</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kale</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-23 hrs</td>
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<td>Lasagna</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>36-48 hrs</td>
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<td>Milk</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
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<td>Peach Wedges</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-26 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pineapple</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>48-52 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Potatoes***</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>32-36 hrs</td>
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<td>Shrimp</td>
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<td>Sliced (pre-cooked) Beef</td>
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<td>22-30 hrs</td>
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<td>Sour Cream</td>
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<td>Soup</td>
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<td>Strawberry Slices</td>
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<td>26-32 hrs</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-26 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yogurt Drops</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20-26 hrs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Not required: Dip apples in citric acid or lemon water before freeze drying.
** Not required: Asparagus can be blanched before freeze drying.
***Blanch raw potatoes before freeze drying. Otherwise, they will oxidize and turn black when reconstituting.
+Blueberries, Blackberries, Elderberries, Cherries, etc.; pierce or crush before freeze drying

NOTE: Foods with excess sugar and moisture content, or with skins or shells, may require longer freeze times, as well.
HOME SCREEN
- This is the home screen for the freeze dryer.
- In the top right corner you will see a clock, by pushing the clock you can skip to the next cycle (this is true on any screen).
- Below the clock is the date.
- Below the date is an elapsed timer.
- Vx.x.x represents the version of software you have loaded onto your freeze dryer. Version changes.

PLEASE CLOSE DRAIN VALVE
- By pushing “Start” on the main screen you are taken to this screen. On this screen is a warning to remind you to “Please close drain valve”. By clicking “Continue” the freeze dryer will begin the freezing portion.

FREEZING
- The next screen is “Freezing”. The default time for freezing is 9 hours (in the top left corner of the screen). After 9 hours (unless you customize it to something else) the freezing cycle will continue but the first of two drying modes will begin.
- The blue clock signifies we are in the freezing mode.
- Beneath the clock is the date and the elapsed timer (how long the freeze has been going). Be sure to keep an eye on this elapsed timer if you are looking to track a total batch time. This information can be helpful in diagnosing problems as well.

**Drying**

- Once the freeze time has elapsed, it enters the first of two “Drying” modes. The clock is red to signify drying mode. Below the clock reads “>2500mTorr”. Once the vacuum pressure pulls under 2500mT, you will begin to see the vacuum pressure fall, getting lower.
- Below the clock you can also see the elapsed time of the current cycle. This can be very helpful if you are trying to track cycle times for your own record keeping so that you can better estimate future batch times. The maximum time it will be in this first of two drying stages is 30 hours. Once it drops below 500mT, and stays there for one hour, it will skip what is remaining of the 30 hours.
**FINAL DRY**

- Once the vacuum pressure has gone to 500mT and stayed under 500mT for one hour, or the 30 hours has passed, it will immediately enter the **Final Drying Stage**.

**PROCESS COMPLETE**

- This screen instructs you to “Open drain valve to vent” (located on the left hand side of the machine) and check the food. If the food is completely dry, it can be removed from the freeze dryer. Once the food is removed, select either “No Defrost” (food is done and the machine will NOT defrost the ice inside the machine), “Defrost” (food is done and the machine will use the heaters on the shelving unit to melt the ice in the machine), or, if the food is not completely dry, press “More Dry Time”.
- A good way to check if the food is completely dry is to find the thickest piece, or spot, and check the center for cold or wet. If the food is cold or wet in the center, add additional drying time. If it is completely dry, the food can be safely packaged.
PLEASE CLOSE DRAIN VALVE
• If “More Dry Time” is selected, you will be prompted to “Please close drain valve”.

VACUUM PUMP COOLING
• It may be necessary to allow the vacuum pump to cool down for a brief period of time (one hour). The reason for the pump cooling period is that the pump and oil are hot. If the pump is immediately turned on, it will spray oil out of the exhaust.

ADDITIONAL FINAL DRY
• After the pump cool down period you can now enter the additional “Final Dry” period.

DEFROST
• By pushing “Defrost” the freeze dryer will prompt you to remove the food and the black insulator door pad and close the door.
**PROCESS COMPLETE**
- After the “Final Dry” period, you are once again prompted to check the food. As before, you can select “No Defrost” (food is done and the machine will NOT defrost the ice inside the machine), “More Dry Time” (food is not done and needs additional dry time), “Defrost” (food is done and the machine will use the heaters on the shelving unit to melt the ice in the machine).

**DEFROSTING**
- When defrosting the machine, wait the allotted 2 hour default time.

**DEFROST COMPLETED**
- When defrost is complete, this screen will appear. By pushing “Defrost” you are able to add additional defrosting time.
- Pushing “Done” returns you to the home screen.
- Push “Customize” to go to the “Temporary Temperature Settings” screen.
CURRENT JOB TEMPERATURE SETTINGS

- From the “Current Job Temperature Settings” screen you can adjust the hottest temperature the heaters can go. Most users will NOT HAVE A NEED to adjust this temperature. 125 degrees is the preset temperature.
- To permanently change the settings, push the upper right-hand corner of this screen.
- To save any changes, press “Done”.

CURRENT JOB ADJUST TIME

- To increase or decrease the freezing and drying times, press “Current Job Adjust Time” in the customize menu. (If these times are adjusted, press “Start Custom” to begin customized batch. Pressing “Done” will return it to the preset 9 hours freezing and 7 hours drying.)
- To permanently change the time settings, press the upper right-hand corner of this screen. To switch to permanent settings adjustment changes, press “Done”.

CABLE DISCONNECT ERROR

- If this message appears on the screen, a cable is disconnected. Most likely, it is the mobile connector attaching shelves to the machine. Try disconnecting and reconnecting this block. Depending on your model, the picture shown will be the same, but the connectors may look different.
**SMALL BATCH CYCLE**

• This screen appears when the freeze dryer wants to speed through the freezing and drying cycles too fast. Essentially the computer is telling the machine to slow down; nothing will freeze dry as fast as the machine is trying to. This occurs with low moisture foods and smaller batches, hence the name “*Small Batch Cycles*.”

**WRITING LOG FILES TO USB**

• This screen appears during the boot up process. While the freeze dryer is running it records data. If there is a thumb drive inserted into the freeze dryer it would download the data to the thumb drive.

**CALIBRATION SCREEN**

• Occasionally this screen will appear during the boot up process. Simply push the 3 dots to recalibrate your touchscreen. If you don’t see 3 dots then calibrate again.

• It is possible to force this screen to appear if, immediately after turning on the freeze dryer, you press and hold anywhere on the touchscreen until you hear a buzz. Once the buzz has sounded, immediately let go.
**PREVIOUS JOB NOT COMPLETED**
- This screen appears if the freeze dryer loses power during a batch. This can happen from a power outage, the machine being unplugged, turning the switch off on the machine.
- Pressing “Cancel” will return you to the home screen.
- Pressing “Proceed” will return the freeze dryer to the point where the process was interrupted.

**ERROR IN DRYING, UNABLE TO ACHIEVE VACUUM**
- This screen will appear when the freeze dryer isn’t able to achieve proper vacuum in a set amount of time or it lost the vacuum pressure.
- There are fail safes to protect the vacuum pump:
  - Get under 2500mT within 15 minutes.
  - Then pull under 1000mT within 30 minutes.
- If the freeze dryer fails to achieve these pressures, this screen appears and prompts you to find the vacuum leak. Once the vacuum leak has been found and sealed, press “Continue” to return to the point where the process was interrupted.